

36ONE Absolute Alpha FR Retail Hedge Fund - Investor Risk Report

Fund Details:

CIS Launch Date	02 Jul 2018
Quarter end date	31 Dec 2024
TER excl performance fee	1.33%
TER incl performance fee	3.79%

Regulatory Measure:

Method	Commitment Exposure Approach
Limit	200%
Exposure at quarter end	70%
Max exposure during quarter	114%

Liquidity Risk Profile:

No significant liquidity risk changes since previous quarter. Sufficient liquidity is held on the portfolio.

Stress-Testing Methodology:

Market	Simulates the current holdings of the portfolio over historical periods of market stress.
Liquidity	Increases investor redemptions and decreases market liquidity of positions.
Collateral	Increased margin requirements by leverage provider.

Prime Broker:

Name of Prime Broker(s)	Peresec, Cantor Fitzgerald
Collateral Assets	Cash & scrip.
Can prime broker re-use collateral	Yes
Leverage Achieved	Derivative positions

Leverage:

Total Leverage: 70%

Leverage Providers: Contribution % of total leverage

CANTOR	7.36%
JSE CLEAR PTY LIMITED	4.82%
JSE DEBT MARKET	4.85%
JSE LISTED PHYSICALS	8.38%
PERESEC SOUTH AFRICA PTY LIMITED	31.38%
THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LTD	43.22%
TOTAL	100.00%

Leverage Source: Contribution % of total leverage

Contract For Difference	51.20%
Fixed-Coupon Bond	30.75%
Floating Rate Note	4.85%
Future	4.82%
Physical Equity	8.38%
TOTAL	100.00%

Counterparty Exposure:

CANTOR	2.67%
FIRSTRAND BANK LIMITED	0.03%
JSE CLEAR PTY LIMITED	0.28%
JSE DEBT MARKET	3.42%
JSE LISTED PHYSICALS	5.90%
JSE TRUSTEES PTY LIMITED	35.95%
OTHER	-0.48%
PERESEC SOUTH AFRICA PTY LIMITED	23.21%
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	0.52%
THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LT	28.51%
TOTAL	100.00%

Investment Manager:

Name: 36ONE Asset Management (Pty) Ltd
Contact Details: 010 501 0250

Manager:

Name: FundRock Management Company (RF)(Pty)Ltd
Contact Details: 021 202 8282

Counterparty Exposure:

A value that best reflects the portfolio's exposure to a relevant counterparty and accurately reflects the economic loss that the portfolio is exposed to if the counterparty defaults on its obligations.

Commitment Exposure Approach:

A methodology for calculating exposure that considers the effective exposure of derivatives to, and takes an aggregate view of, securities with the same or similar underlying exposure, where the total commitment is considered to be the sum of the absolute value.

Collateral Assets:

Collateral is an asset that a borrower offers as a way for a lender to secure the loan. If the borrower stops making the promised loan payments, the lender can seize the collateral to recoup its losses.

Re-use (Re-hypothecate) collateral assets:

The practice by which prime brokers re-use the collateral posted by the investment manager to service other arrangements.

Total Expense Ratio (TER):

A measure of a portfolio's assets that have been expended as payment for services rendered in the management of the portfolio, expressed as a percentage of the average daily value of the portfolio or fund calculated over a period of a financial year by the manager of the portfolio or fund.

Leverage:

The use of securities, including derivative instruments, short positions or borrowed capital to increase the exposure beyond the capital employed to an investment. The total leverage amount is calculated across the entire portfolio. This total leverage amount is also split by provider and product type and shown as a contribution percentage to total leverage.

Disclaimer:

Collective Investment Schemes are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. A schedule of fees, charges, and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager, as well as a detailed description of how the fees are calculated and applied. The manager does not provide any guarantee in respect to the capital or the return of the portfolio. Portfolios may be closed to new investors in order to manage it more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. Where funds are invested in off-shore assets, performance is further affected by uncertainties such as potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The Manager retains full responsibility for the portfolio.
