Minimum Disclosure Document

November 2024 (Class 1)

Investment Manager: 360NE Asset Management (Pty) Ltd Fund Name: 360NE FR Retail Hedge Fund **ASISA Classification:** Retail Hedge Fund - South African -

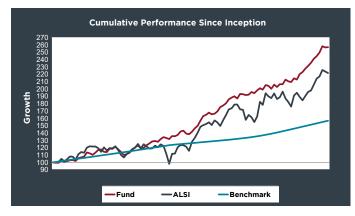
Long/Short Equity - Long Bias

Inception Date: 01 December 2008 CISCA Inception Date: 01 November 2016

Portfolio Size: R 4.413 m NAV Price: R 732 Number of Units: 6 584 954.70 ISIN: 7AF000257648

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES:

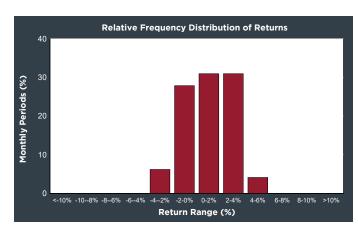
- Generate absolute returns over the long term regardless of market direction.
- Grow investors' capital in real terms over the long term.
- Reduce volatility of returns by managing the risks associated with investing in equities.



Cumulative Source: Apex Fund and Corporate Services SA as at November 2024

Index Source: Bloomberg as at November 2024

The performance figures given show the yield on a Net Asset Value ("NAV") basis. The yield figure is not a forecast. Performance is not guaranteed and investors should not accept it as representing expected future performance. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, time of entry/actual investment date, date of reinvestment, and dividends withholding tax. Performance is calculated for a lump sum investment on a Net Asset Value basis. The performance figures are reported net of fees with income reinvested.



Frequency Distribution Source: Apex Fund and Corporate Services SA as at November 2024



## INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE:

RETURN ANALYSIS	360NE	Cash	ALSI
1 month	0.15%	0.56%	-0.94%
3 months	2.89%	1.74%	2.12%
1 year	19.75%	7.40%	16.04%
3 year p.a.	12.52%	6.32%	10.50%
5 year p.a.	14.95%	5.32%	12.96%
Since inception p.a.	12.38%	5.71%	10.34%
RISK ANALYSIS	360NE	Cash	ALSI
Standard Deviation p.a.**	6.98%	0.41%	16.11%
Loss Deviation*	1.89%	n/a	6.96%
Gain Deviation*	4.37%	0.40%	10.36%
Sharpe Ratio*	1.00	-	0.27
Sortino Ratio*	3.02	n/a	0.57
Largest Drawdown	-9.34%	n/a	-21.72%
Best Month	5.20%	0.62%	13.98%
Worst Month	-3.62%	0.27%	-12.13%
Highest 12 Month Rolling Period	28.27%	7.62%	53.98%
Lowest 12 Month Rolling Period	-2.01%	3.31%	-18.42%
Gain Periods	64	97	55
Loss Periods	33	-	42
Correlation	1.00	-0.09	0.49
Value at Risk - 95%	3.12%	n/a	5.50%

Please note the figures from the Investment Performance table are from CISCA inception date.

The annualised total return is the average return earned by an investment each year over a given time period, since date of the launch of the fund. The highest and lowest 1 year returns represent the highest and lowest actual returns achieved during any single calendar year since the original launch date of the portfolio.

Hurdle/Benchmark: Standard Bank Call Rate

Subscriptions: Daily Redemptions: Daily

Service Fee: 1.13% (excl. VAT)

Performance Fee: 20% of excess above benchmark over

a rolling 1 year period, capped at 3.5%

Minimum Investment: R250,000 lump sum or R2,000

FundRock Management Company CIS Manager:

(RF) (Ptv) Ltd

Administrators: Apex Fund and Corporate Services SA

2.48% Total Expense Ratio (TER%): Transaction Cost Ratio (TC%): 1.13% Total Investment Charges (TIC%): Performance Fee(PF) Included in TER: 1.15%

Income Distribution:

Declaration: Last day of December Payment: December 2023 : 2325.04 cpu

Auditors: Deloitte

<sup>\*</sup>Statistics based on 36 month rolling period.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Statistics based since inception date.

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### NET MONTHLY PERFORMANCE SINCE CISCA INCEPTION:

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
2016											-0.52	-0.14	-0.65
2017	2.27	-1.46	1.46	1.20	0.27	-1.18	3.76	1.03	0.99	5.20	-1.04	-1.81	10.96
2018	2.74	3.25	0.53	-2.81	-0.27	4.12	-0.29	2.59	-2.93	-3.10	-3.62	1.10	0.90
2019	1.62	3.83	2.69	2.02	-3.24	0.64	2.89	2.01	2.25	0.41	-0.83	2.90	18.38
2020	2.02	-0.88	-1.13	3.11	-0.17	1.33	3.41	0.83	-2.84	-0.61	2.37	3.31	11.04
2021	2.31	4.74	4.08	0.99	1.86	-1.42	0.49	1.91	3.46	1.22	1.65	3.04	27.04
2022	1.27	0.99	-1.61	3.34	-0.22	-0.60	0.26	1.90	-0.78	1.95	1.49	-0.96	7.15
2023	3.10	-0.48	-1.97	2.83	-1.58	1.89	-0.06	3.07	-1.09	-0.48	2.45	-0.83	6.87
2024	3.50	1.25	2.13	1.68	1.81	2.36	1.40	2.06	3.42	-0.66	0.15		20.75

### **RISK PROFILE: MEDIUM**

The risk category shown is not guaranteed and may change over time. The lowest category does not mean the investment is risk free. There may be other special areas of risk relating to the investment including liquidity risk, credit risk, market risk, and settlement risk. The manager does not provide financial advice. Our risk indicator does not imply that the portfolio is suitable for all types of investors. Please consult your financial adviser.

## PORTFOLIO VALUATION & TRANSACTION CUT-OFF

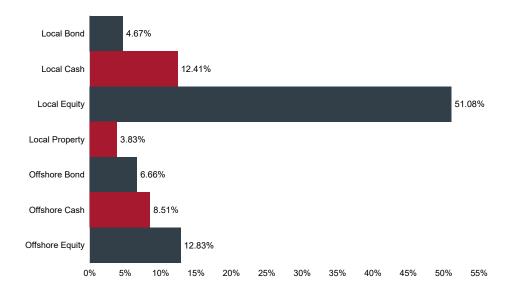
The portfolio is valued daily. The transaction cut-off time is 14:00pm on a business day. Investor instructions received after 14:00pm shall be processed the following business day.

## **TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO**

A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. Transaction Costs are a necessary cost in administering the financial product and impacts financial product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. The TER and transaction cost calculations are based on a 1 year rolling period. Fee calculations are based upon their most recent published figures, being the date of this report.

## PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION REPORT

## **CURRENT GROSS ASSET ALLOCATION**



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## QUARTERLY PORTFOLIO & MARKET COMMENTARY BY THE INVESTMENT MANAGER

South African markets had a strong performance in Q3 2024, with all asset classes recording gains. Property led the way with the highest return followed by bonds and equity, respectively. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) climbed 9.6%, hitting a new all-time high and bringing its year-to-date (YTD) gain to 15.9% (23.0% in USD). The quarter had several positive macroeconomic events that supported a broad-based rally. Sectors such as retail and financials have continued to outperform as the South African market recovers post-election, while REITs have performed well as we enter a rate cutting cycle. Resources and shares of Naspers/Prosus performed particularly well in September, thanks to stimulus measures that boosted sentiment towards companies with exposure to China.

Global markets had a solid performance in the quarter, despite some notable periods of market volatility. Weaker U.S. economic data, an interest rate hike by the Bank of Japan, and low summer trading volumes led to a sharp decline in stocks in early August. However, the long-awaited start of the Federal Reserve's (Fed's) rate-cutting cycle in September, combined with a softer stance from Japanese policymakers and fresh stimulus measures from China, helped ease investor concerns and fuelled a strong stock market rally by the end of the quarter.

US markets continued their strong performance in Q3 with the S&P500 climbing 4.3%, marking its best performance through three quarters since 1997. Throughout the quarter, US CPI came in below expectations. The quarter ended with August CPI of 2.5% year-over-year, down from 2.9% in July, and below expectations of a 2.6% increase. This marks the lowest level since February 2021, showing a clear disinflation path towards the Federal Reserve's (Fed's) 2% target. With inflation under control and US unemployment having increased to 4.2% from 3.4% in Q2 2023, the Fed is now committed to minimising any further weakening of the US economy. This supported a sizeable 0.50% rate cut at their September meeting, rather than the widely expected 0.25%. A further 0.50% of cuts is forecast for the rest of the year. The Fed's messaging remains dovish and the central bank is committed to avoiding a recession caused by restrictive monetary policy.

This commitment to upholding the US economy has led to stock market performance broadening away from the Magnificent Seven that have significantly outperformed in the last 18 months. The equally weighted S&P500 outperformed its cap-weighted counterpart with a gain of 8.4% in Q3. This performance reflects a healthy rotation into previously underperforming sectors and a strong showing from mid-cap and small-cap equities. This more diversified participation in the US equity markets is likely to continue if growth remains robust, rates come down and inflation is under control.

Emerging market equities performed particularly well in Q3, with Asia-ex Japan being the top performing region. The Fed's dovish stance supported risk assets, while emerging markets had a further strong rally towards the end of September after Chinese policymakers announced new stimulus measures. China has had several similar stimulus measures announced throughout the year, such as interest rate cuts or reduced deposit requirements for property purchases. However, September's co-ordinated measures stood out as the clearest signal yet that Beijing stands ready to support the Chinese economy and markets. Although the measures were a positive boost to sentiment, more meaningful fiscal stimulus is required to make an impact on China's slowing economic growth. Some of these gains have already reversed in October as the market awaits an announcement of larger fiscal stimulus.

Q3 was filled with positive news for South African financial markets. The SARB cut the repo rate by 0.25% in September. The decision to lower rates came amid easing inflation, with CPI reported at 4.4% for August, down from 4.6% in July and below the SARB's target of 4.5%. Q2 GDP growth was 0.4% quarter-on-quarter, following no growth in Q1. Lower inflation, stronger growth and a positive election outcome have continued to support South African financial markets. The ZAR has been a significant outperformer YTD and appreciated a further c.2.9% against the US dollar in September as the Fed cut rates. Our local market, especially the resources sector, remains vulnerable to a weaker global growth outlook. However, domestic growth is recovering from a low base with a few levers (such as reforms at Eskom and Transnet) which are in our control. This "self-help" narrative makes our equity market relatively attractive, should we deliver on GDP growth. As the JSE has enjoyed a post-election rerating, stock picking has become even more important to determine which companies can follow this through with higher earnings. We have taken some profits, and our positioning has become more selective. We remain constructive on SA equities, especially given valuations compared to global markets.

The hedge fund posted a solid gain for the quarter. The long book outperformed while the short book was flat, despite stronger equity markets. The largest contributors for the long book were Naspers, Tencent and Remgro while resources detracted from performance. The short book's largest contributors were positions in resources and retail.

Please note: The above commentary is based on reasonable assumptions and is not guaranteed to occur.

## MANDATORY DISCLOSURES

Collective Investment Schemes are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. A schedule of fees, charges, minimum fees, and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager, as well as a detailed description of how the fees are calculated and applied. The manager does not provide any guarantee in respect to the capital or the return of the portfolio. Portfolios may be closed to new investors in order to manage it more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. Prices are published daily on our website.

Additional information, including key investor information documents, minimum disclosure documents, as well as other information relating to the portfolio, including the basis on which the manager undertakes to repurchase participatory interests offered to it, and the basis on which selling and repurchase prices will be calculated, is available, free of charge, on request from the manager. The value of an investment is dependent on numerous factors which may include, but not limited to, share price fluctuations, interest and exchange rates and other economic factors. Where funds are invested in off-shore assets, performance is further affected by uncertainties such as potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks and potential limitations on the availability of market information.

The Manager ensures fair treatment of investors by not offering preferential fee or liquidity terms to any investor within the same strategy. FundRock Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd ("the Manager") is registered and approved in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act 45 of 2002. 360NE Asset Management (Pty) Ltd (FSP No 19107) is authorised under the FAIS Act to provide discretionary investment management services to hedge funds. The Manager is registered and approved by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority under CISCA. FirstRand Ltd is the appointed trustee. The Manager retains full responsibility for the portfolio.

MANAGEMENT COMPANY	INVESTMENT MANAGER	TRUSTEE
FundRock Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd	360NE Asset Management (Pty) Ltd	FirstRand Ltd, Johannesburg
Registration No: 2013/096377/07	An Authorised Financial Services Provider,	(acting through its RMB Custody and Trustee Services Division)
Pier Place, Heerengracht Street, Foreshore, Cape Town, South Africa	FSP No. 19107 Registration No: 2004/035570/07	T: +27 87 736 1732
T: +27 21 202 8282	140 West Street, Sandton 2196	
Email: information@apexfs.group	T: +27 10 501 0250	
Website: www.fundrock.com	Email: support@36one.co.za	
Email: information@apexfs.group	T: +27 10 501 0250	

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### **FUND RISK**

**Leverage Risk**: The Fund borrows additional funds, trades on margin or performs short sale trades to amplify investment decisions. This means that the volatility of a hedge fund portfolio can be many times that of the underlying investments due to leverage on a fund.

**Derivative Risk:** A Derivative positions are financial instruments that derive their value from an underlying asset. Derivatives are exposed to implicit leverage which could result in magnified gains and/or losses on the portfolio.

**Counterparty Credit Risk**: Counterparty risk is a type of credit risk and is the risk of default by the counterparty associated with trading derivative contracts. An example of counterparty credit risk is margin or collateral held with a prime broker.

Volatility Risk; Volatility refers to uncertainty and risk related to size of change of an instrument or portfolio. It is a statistical measure of the dispersion of returns for a given security or market index. Volatility is proportional to the directional exposure of a portfolio and is measured by Value at risk (VaR) which is a statistical technique used to measure and quantify the level of volatility.

Concentration and Sector Risk: A large proportion of total assets invested in specific assets, sectors or regions. Concentrated positions or concentrated sectors in a portfolio will material impact the returns of the portfolio more so than diversified portfolios.

**Correlation Risk:** A measure that determines how assets move in relation to each other. Correlation risk arises when the correlation between asset-classes change. Correlation risk also arises when the correlation within an asset-class changes. Examples of correlation within asset classes include equity pairs trading, fixed income curve trading and commodities pairs trading.

**Equity Risk:** Applies to investment in shares or derivatives based on shares. The market price of shares varies depending on supply and demand of the shares. Equity risk is the risk of loss due to the drop in the market price of shares. Equity risk can either be systematic risk which is risk to the entire market based on political and economic indicators or unsystematic risk which is company specific and includes risk relating to company profits, future prospects and general consensus on the company or sector.

### **GLOSSARY**

**Net Asset Value (NAV):** means net asset value, which is the total market value of all assets in a portfolio including any income accruals and less and deductible expenses such as audit fees, brokerage and service fees.

Annualised Return: is the weighted average compound growth rate over the performance period measured.

Highest & Lowest Return: The highest and lowest rolling twelve-month performance of the portfolio since inception.

**Total Expense Ratio (TER):** reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's.

**Transaction Costs (TC):** is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns.

**Total Investment Charge (TIC):** should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager.

**Total Investment Charges (TIC%):** = TER (%) + TC (%): The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

Sharpe Ratio: The ratio of excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the total volatility of the portfolio

Sortino Ratio: The ratio of excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the downside deviation of the portfolio.

Standard Deviation/Volatility: The deviation of the return of the portfolio relative to its average.

Derivative/Financial Instrument: A contract that derives its value (positive or negative) from another asset.

**Drawdown:** The greatest peak to trough loss until a new peak is reached.

**Correlation:** A number between -1 and 1 indicating the similarity of the dispersion of returns between the portfolio and another asset or index with 1 being highly correlated, -1 highly negatively correlated and 0 uncorrelated.

Value at Risk (VaR): Value at risk is the minimum loss percentage that can be expected over a specified time period at a predetermined confidence level.

Frequency Distribution: How often returns occur within a specified band.

Publish Date: 04 December 2024